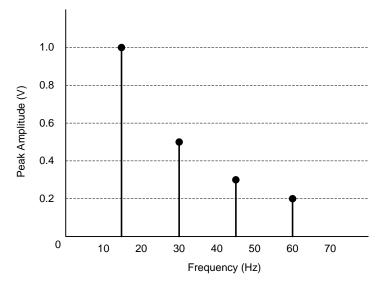
# ITS 323 – Quiz 2 Answers

First name: \_\_\_\_\_ Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Total Marks: \_\_\_\_

## **Question 1** [3 marks]

Below is a frequency domain plot of a communications signal s(t).



a) What is the bandwidth of the signal s(t)? ( $\frac{1}{2}$  mark)

b) What is the frequency of the signal s(t)? ( $\frac{1}{2}$  mark)

c) Write a time domain equation for the signal s(t)? (1 mark)

s(t) =

d) If using signal s(t), two bits of information can be sent in one period, what is the maximum data rate? (1 mark)

#### **Answers**:

- a. 45Hz
- b. 15Hz

c.  $s(t) = 1.0 \sin(2\pi t \times 15) + 0.5 \sin(2\pi t \times 30) + 0.3 \sin(2\pi t \times 45) + 0.2 \sin(2\pi t \times 60)$ 

d. T (period) = 0.66sec, therefore data rate = 30 bits per second

# **Question 2** [1 mark]

Consider a communications link with a bandwidth of 1MHz. If the received noise power is 20mW, what signal power would be required to be able to transmit at the maximum theoretical data rate of 4Mb/s?

#### Answer

Using Shannon's theorem we know:  $C = B \log (1 + SNR)$ 

Hence,  $4Mb/s = 1MHz \log (1 + S/20mw)$ , therefore S = 300mW.

## **Question 3** [2 marks]

Assume you are using the free space loss equation to design a wireless link from one building to another (separated by 1km). The wireless receiver has a fixed receiver power threshold.

$$\frac{P_t}{P_r} = \frac{(4\pi d)^2}{G_t G_r \lambda^2} \text{ where } G = \frac{4\pi A}{\lambda^2}$$

After initial testing, although you have line-of-sight, you determine the received signal is two weak to communicate between buildings. List two approaches you can use to improve your design to a stronger link between buildings.

#### Answer

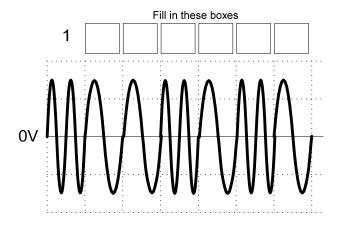
Increase the transmit power.

Increase the antenna gains, by increasing the size of the antennas.

Decrease the wavelength of the signal, by using a higher frequency transmission system.

# **Question 4** [1.5 marks]

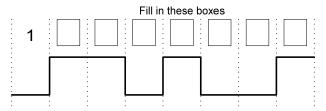
The following diagram shows part of a signal which modulates data using Binary Frequency Shift Keying. The vertical dashed lines show the transitions between each bit. Complete the boxes to show the data transmitted.



**Answer**: 001010

# **Question 5** [1.5 marks]

If the Non-Return-to-Zero Invert on ones (NRZI) encoding scheme is used, complete the bit pattern that the following signal represents. (That is, fill in the boxes).



**Answer**: 1011101

# **Question 6** [1 mark]

a) A digital transmission scheme uses two signal elements to encode 3 bits of data. What is the data rate if the signalling rate is 1000 signals per second?

Answer:	

b) True or false: Shielded Twister Pair is easier to install in buildings than UTP because the shielding makes the cable rigid (does not bend easily).

True / False

## Answer:

- a. 1500 bits per second
- b. False. It makes it harder to install.