

## ITS 323 – QUIZ 1 (CS) ANSWERS

First name: \_\_\_\_\_ Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks: \_\_\_\_\_

out of 10

Email Address: \_\_\_\_\_@hotmail/gmail/other (that you used on Maillist)

### Question 1 [2 marks]

True or false (circle the correct answer, T or F):

- a) A web browser, such as Firefox or Internet Explorer, would normally implement an entire TCP/IP stack (all layers).

T / F

- b) The Internet layered model includes the Network layer, Transport layer and Session layer.

T / F

- c) Most of the important protocols used in the Internet (e.g. TCP and IP) were developed by the International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO).

T / F

- d) Computer X (in Bangkok) is communicating across an internet with Computer Y (in Hong Kong) using the TCP/IP Protocol Architecture. Both Computer X and Y must implement the same Data Link layer protocol.

T / F

### Answer

a. F – Web browser implements HTTP (and other application layer protocols). It doesn't implement transport or lower layers.

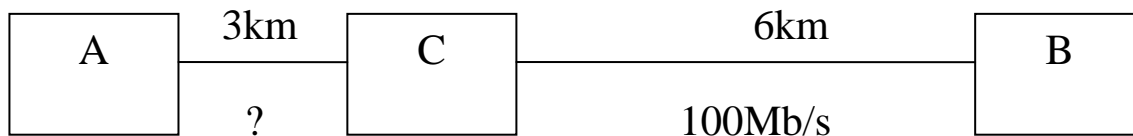
b. F – The Internet layered model does not include the Session layer.

c. F – Most Internet protocols were created by IETF (and individuals)

d. F – The two computers may use different link technologies (and hence different Data Link layer protocols) – they communicate because using the common Network protocol.

**Question 2** [3 marks]

Consider the network shown below in which two cable links are used to connect A to B (via C).



Queuing delay is  
10usec

If a message of size 2000 bits has to be sent from A to B with a maximum delay of 125usec, then what is the minimum data rate is required over the first link?

You can assume the transmission velocity is  $2 \times 10^8$  m/s for each cable. Also assume there are no processing delays at any node, and no queuing delay at nodes A or B.

**Answer**

Propagation over first link =  $3000 / 200000000 = 15\text{usec}$

Propagation over second link =  $30\text{usec}$

Transmission over second link =  $2000/100000000 = 20\text{usec}$

Queuing delay =  $10\text{usec}$

So far the total delay is  $75\text{usec}$ . Must be less than 125, so maximum for first link is  $50\text{usec}$

Transmission over first link =  $50\text{usec} = 2000 / \text{rate}$

Therefore minimum rate =  $2000 / 50\text{usec} = 40\text{Mb/s}$

**Question 3** [1 mark]

A computer receives 6 packets, and the delay of each packet is:

Packet 1: 500us

Packet 2: 300us

Packet 3: 400us

Packet 4: 500us

Packet 5: 400us

Packet 6: 400us

What is the jitter measured at the receiver?

**Answer:**

The difference between delays are: 200, 100, 100, 100 and 0. The jitter is  $500/5 = 100\text{us}$ .

**Question 4** [2 marks]

An instant messaging application sends a 100 byte message. The protocol stack introduces 50 bytes of header per message. Assume there is no segmentation (that is, messages are *not* broken into smaller segments) and no other overheads are present. What throughput can be achieved on a 1Mb/s ADSL link?

**Answer**

100 bytes of data and 50 bytes of header gives efficiency of 2/3. Therefore throughput is 0.66Mb/s (ie. 666kb/s).

**Question 5** [2 marks]

Circle the type of address that the following examples correspond to in the Internet layered model.

Example:	Address Type:			
a) www.siit.tu.ac.th	Physical	Logical	Port	Application
b) steve@hotmail.com	Physical	Logical	Port	Application
c) 192.16.36.12	Physical	Logical	Port	Application
d) 00:18:40:E3:E3:B3	Physical	Logical	Port	Application

**Answer**

- a. Application
- b. Application
- c. Logical
- d. Physical