- c) Circle the correct words: Making a telephone call over the ordinary fixed-line telephone network is an example sending [Analog / Digital] data over a [Analog / Digital] signal.
- d) Consider the following two signals:

 $S1 = (4/\pi) \left[\sin(2\pi ft) + (1/3)\sin(2\pi (3f)t) + (1/5)\sin(2\pi (5f)t) \right]$

 $S2 = (4/\pi) [sin(2\pi ft)]$

If our transmission system supports the bandwidth of 8kHz, which signal (S1 or S2) provides the highest data rate?

e) From your answer of part (d), although the signal you selected provides the highest data rate, what is a disadvantage of the signal (compared to the other lower data rate signal)?

Question 2 [1.5 mark]

If the solid curve of the figure below represents $sin(2\pi t)$, what does the dotted curve represent? That is, the dotted curve can be written in the form A sin $(2\pi ft + \phi)$; what are A, f, and ϕ ?



	ITS 323 – QUIZ 2 (ITB)
First name:	Last name:

Question 1 [3 marks]

ID: _____

- a) What is the bandwidth of a signal that can be decomposed into four sine waves with frequencies at 30, 80, 180, and 280 MHz?
 - Answer:
- b) A device is sending out data at the rate of 1000bps. How long does it take to send out 10 bits?

Answer: _____

Answer: ____

Answer: _____

0.5



0

-1.0

-2.0

-0.5

Total Marks:

Last name:

out of 8.5

1

Question 3 [2 marks]

Given a channel with an intended capacity of 18kb/s, the bandwidth of the channel is 3kHz. What signal-to-noise ratio is required to achieve this capacity?

Question 4 [2 marks]

If the **Non-Return-to-Zero Invert on ones (NRZI)** encoding scheme is used, complete the bit pattern that the following signal represents. (That is, fill in the boxes).

