ITS 323 – QUIZ 2 (ITB) ANSWERS

First name:

Last name:

ID: _____

Question 1 [3 marks]

a) What is the bandwidth of a signal that can be decomposed into four sine waves with frequencies at 30, 80, 180, and 280 MHz?

Answer: 250 MHz

b) A device is sending out data at the rate of 1000bps. How long does it take to send out 10 bits?

Answer: 0.01sec

c) *Circle the correct words*: Making a telephone call over the ordinary fixed-line telephone network is an example sending [Analog / Digital] data over a [Analog / Digital] signal.

Answer: Analog, Analog

d) Consider the following two signals:

 $S1 = (4/\pi) [sin(2\pi ft) + (1/3)sin(2\pi (3f)t) + (1/5)sin(2\pi (5f)t)]$ S2 = (4/\pi) [sin(2\pi ft)]

If our transmission system supports the bandwidth of 8kHz, which signal (S1 or S2) provides the highest data rate?

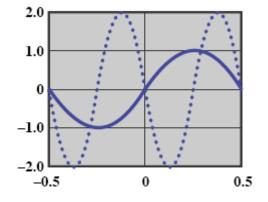
Answer: S2

e) From your answer of part (d), although the signal you selected provides the highest data rate, what is a disadvantage of the signal (compared to the other lower data rate signal)?

Answer: More errors

Question 2 [1.5 mark]

If the solid curve of the figure below represents $\sin(2\pi t)$, what does the dotted curve represent? That is, the dotted curve can be written in the form $A \sin(2\pi ft + \phi)$; what are A, f, and ϕ ?



Total Marks:

out of 8.5

Answ	ver:		
A:	2		
f:	2		
φ:	π		

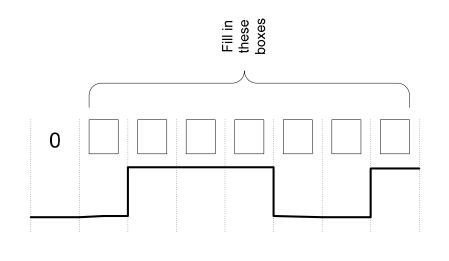
Question 3 [2 marks]

Given a channel with an intended capacity of 18kb/s, the bandwidth of the channel is 3kHz. What signal-to-noise ratio is required to achieve this capacity?

Answer: $C = B \log_2 (1 + SNR)$ $18kb/s = 3kHz \log_2 (1 + SNR)$ $6 = \log_2 (1 + SNR)$ $1 + SNR = 2^6$ SNR = 63(and in dB, $SNR_{dB} = 10 \log_{10} (63) = 18dB$)

Question 4 [2 marks]

If the **Non-Return-to-Zero Invert on ones (NRZI)** encoding scheme is used, complete the bit pattern that the following signal represents. (That is, fill in the boxes).



Answer: 0100101