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# ITS 413 – QUIZ 1 ANSWERS

First name: \_\_\_\_\_

Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID:	

Total Marks: \_\_\_\_\_

		out of 10	)
Questi	ion 1 [1 mark each]		
a)	Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) technologies always provide a than upload speed.	higher downlo True	ad speed False
b)	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) is common access netw end-users to access the Internet.	ork technology True	used by <b>False</b>
c)	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) provides higher data rat Digital Hierarchy (PDH).	es than Plesion <b>True</b>	chronous False
d)	Plesionchronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH) provides higher data Digital Hierarchy (SDH).	rates than Syn True	chronous False
e)	Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) is an example of a circu network technology.	it switching ba True	ased core False
f)	Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) is an example of a pack network technology.	et switching ba <b>True</b>	ased core False
g)	If data rate was the primary factor, you would choose X.25 (in ATM) for a core network.	stead of Frame True	Relay or False
h)	If data rate was the primary factor, you would choose ATM (in X.25) for a core network.	stead of Frame <b>True</b>	Relay or False
i)	The advantage of coaxial cable (versus optical fibre) for Internetworks use of the existing Public Switched Telephone Network	(PSTN).	
		True	False
j)	Except for some of the very small number of remaining dial-up r Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) is no longer used for Intern		
k)	ADSL is a point-to-multipoint network technology.	True	False
1)	ADSL is a point-to-point network technology.	True	False
m)	IEEE 802.11 wireless LAN technologies can be used for LANs to point-to-point wired WAN links.	as well as an a <b>True</b>	lternative False
n)	WiMax is a short range wireless communications technology.	True	False
o)	WiMax can be used for fixed point-to-point wireless links	True	False
p)	IEEE 802.15.4 (also referred to as ZigBee) is used for fixed point	-to-point wirele True	ess links. <b>False</b>
q)	IEEE 802.15.4 (also referred to as ZigBee) is used for wireless w	ide area networ	ks.

1/		True	False
r)	Mobile telephones cannot provide data rates equivalent to ADSL.	True	False
s)	GPRS is an example of 3G mobile telephone system.	True	False
t)	UMTS is an example of 3G mobile telephone system.	True	False

## Question [1 mark]

What is a disadvantage of optical fibre as a wired access network technology? Explain.

#### Answer

New network infrastructure generally has to be installed (e.g. optical fibres) – the existing copper telephone network cannot be used. This leads to higher cost.

## Question [1 mark]

Name two technologies that are commonly used for LANs.

#### Answer

Ethernet, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN.

#### **Question** [1 mark]

Name three wired access network technologies.

#### Answer

Ethernet, Dial-up, DSL, Coaxial, Optical Fibre

#### **Question** [1 mark]

Explain an advantage of ADSL (versus optical fibre).

#### Answer

ADSL makes use of the existing copper telephone network (optical fibre requires new cabling to be installed) and therefore is cheaper.

#### Question [1 mark]

Excluding cost, list three factors that are important when considering the design of wireless networks.

#### Answer

Frequency, Data Rate, Transmission Range, Power

#### Question [1 mark]

Explain an advantage of using directional antennas (versus omni-directional antennas).

# Answer

Power is concentrated in one direction, therefore you can achieve a larger transmission range.

#### **Question** [1 mark]

In the past, SIIT had an DSL connection between Bangkadi and Rangsit. List two alternative technologies which would be suitable for this link.

# Answer

WiMax, PDH, SDH, Gigabit Ethernet

# Question [1 mark]

A common network topology (in Japan at least) is using optical fibre to the building, and then using a copper line within the building (e.g. to each apartment). Name an appropriate technology for use over the copper line.

# Answer

Ethernet, VDSL